I claim:

1. \setminus A process for preparing a compound of formula I

O-(CH₂)_n— N
R²

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wherein;

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R is C_1-C_6 alkyl;

 ${\bf R}^1$ and ${\bf R}^2$ each are independently C_1-C_4 alkyl, or combine together with the nitrogen atom to which ${\bf R}^1$ and ${\bf R}^2$ are attached, to form piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, methylpyrrolidinyl, dimethylpyrrolidinyl, morpholino, or 1-hexamethyleneimino; and

n is 2 or 3;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises the step of:

reacting a haloalkyl amine of formula III

$$X-(CH_2)_n$$
 R^1
 R^2

wherein;

X is a halogen; and

 \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 , and n are as defined above, with a compound of formula IV

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ROOC—OH

wherein R is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, in the presence of a hydrated inorganic base and an appropriate solvent.

2. The process according to Claim 1 further comprising the steps of:

a) extracting the reaction product of Claim 1 with an aqueous acid; and optionally

b) cleaving the ester of the reaction product from step a) to form an acid compound of formula Ia

3. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the hydrated inorganic base is selected from the group consisting of potassium carbonate sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, lithium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, calcium carbonate.

4. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the solvent is a C_1 - C_6 alkyl acetate solvent selected from the



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group consisting of amyl acetate, isopropyl acetate, isobutyl acetate and ethyl acetate.

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- 5. A process according to Claim 1 wherein said C_1 - C_6 alkyl acetate solvent is amyl acetate.
- 6. A process according to Claim 1 wherein said hydrated inorganic base is a carbonate or bicarbonate salt.

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7. A process according to Claim 6 wherein said carbonate salt is potassium carbonate hydrated with 1-20% water.

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8. A process according to Claim 7 wherein said hydrated potassium carbonate is achieved by adding bulk water.

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9. A process according to Claim 7 wherein said hydrated potassium carbonate is achieved by water of hydration.

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10. A process according to Claim 7 wherein said carbonate salt is potassium carbonate sesquihydrate.

11. A process according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 and R^2 combine together with the nitrogen atom to which R^1 and R^2 are attached, to form piperidinyl; and

n is 2;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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- 12. A process according to Claim 2 wherein said aqueous acid is hydrochloric acid.
- 13. A process according to Claim 2 for preparing compounds of formula II

$$R^3O$$
 R^2
 R^3O
 R^3O
 R^3O
 R^3O
 R^3O

wherein;

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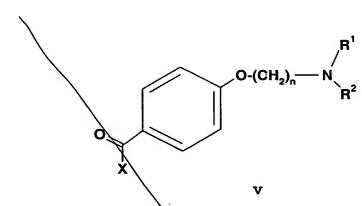
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 ${\bf R}^3$ and ${\bf R}^4$ are independently hydrogen or a hydroxy protecting group; and

 \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^2 and n are as defined above; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, comprising the steps of:

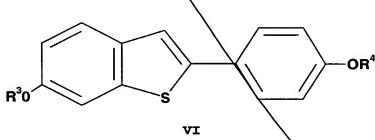
a) reacting a compound of formula t or Ia with an acyl halide forming agent to form a compound of formula V





wherein X is a halogen,

reacting a compound of formula V with a b) compound of formula VI



wherein R^3 and R^4 are as defined above, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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14. A process according to Claim 1 or 13 wherein; R^1 and R^2 combine with the nitrogen atom to which R^1 and R^2 are attached, to form a piperidinyl moiety, R^3 and R^4 each are hydrogen, and n is λ , or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or derivative thereof.